

MATH 690 HOMEWORK 1
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- (1) With the definition of a vector bundle from class, show that the vector space operations define continuous maps

$$\begin{aligned} +: E \times_B E &\rightarrow E \\ \times: \mathbb{R} \times E &\rightarrow E. \end{aligned}$$

(Here, $E \times_B E$ is the fiber product $\{(e_1, e_2) \in E_1 \times E_2 \mid \pi(e_1) = \pi(e_2)\}$.)

- (2) Suppose you are given the following data:

- Topological spaces B and F .
- A set E and a map of sets $\pi: E \rightarrow B$.
- An open cover $\mathcal{U} = \{U_i\}$ of B and for each i a bijection $\phi_i: \pi^{-1}(U_i) \rightarrow U_i \times F$ so that the following diagram (of sets) commutes:

$$\pi^{-1}(U_i)[rr]^{\phi_i}[dr]_{\pi} U_i \times F[dl]^{\pi_1} U_i$$

Give conditions on the maps ϕ_i so that there is a topology on E making $\pi: E \rightarrow B$ into a fiber bundle with $\{(U_i, \phi_i)\}$ an atlas.

- (3) State and prove the analogue of the previous problem for vector bundles and for principal G -bundles.
- (4) Write out the details of the proof that the bundle of frames of a vector bundle is a principal $GL(n)$ -bundle.
- (5) An *oriented n -dimensional vector bundle* is a vector bundle $\pi: E \rightarrow B$ together with an orientation of each fiber E_b , so that these orientations are continuous in the following sense. For each $b \in B$ there is a chart $(U \ni b, \phi: \pi^{-1}(U) \rightarrow U \times \mathbb{R}^n)$ so that for all $b' \in U$, $\phi|_{E_{b'}}: E_{b'} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$ is orientation-preserving. Show that given an oriented n -dimensional vector bundle there is an induced principal $GL_+(\mathbb{R}^n)$ -bundle (the “bundle of oriented frames”), and conversely given a principal $GL_+(\mathbb{R}^n)$ -bundle there is an induced oriented n -plane bundle.
- (6) A *Riemannian metric* on a vector bundle $\pi: E \rightarrow B$ is an inner product $\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle_b$ on each fiber E_b of E , which is continuous in the sense that the induced map $E \oplus E = E \times_B E \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is continuous. Show that given a Riemannian metric on a vector bundle E , there is an induced principal $O(n)$ -bundle (the “bundle of orthonormal frames”), and conversely given a principal $O(n)$ -bundle there is an induced vector bundle with Riemannian metric.
- (7) What operation on principal $O(n)$ -bundles corresponds to dualizing a vector bundle? The direct sum of vector bundles?
- (8) For nice spaces X (e.g., CW complexes) and abelian groups G , there is a canonical isomorphism $\check{H}^i(X; G) \cong H^i(X; G)$ between the Čech and singular cohomology of X with coefficients in G . A nice, readable proof can be found in Frank Warner’s *Foundations of Differential Manifolds and Lie Groups*, Chapter 5. In the rest of this

problem, cohomology either means Čech cohomology or singular cohomology after applying this isomorphism.

- (a) Let $\pi: E \rightarrow B$ be an n -dimensional vector bundle or, equivalently, a principal $GL(n, \mathbb{R})$ -bundle, given by a Čech cocycle $\phi \in \check{H}^1(B; GL(n, \mathbb{R}))$. Show that the sign of the determinant $\text{sign} \circ \det: GL(n, \mathbb{R}) \rightarrow \{\pm 1\} \cong \mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z}$ induces a map

$$\check{H}^1(B; GL(n, \mathbb{R})) \rightarrow \check{H}^1(B; \mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z})$$

and so ϕ induces an element $w_1(E) \in H^1(B; \mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z})$.

- (b) Compute w_1 for the trivial line bundle (1-dimensional vector bundle) over the circle and for the Möbius band.
(c) Prove that (for nice spaces) a line bundle $\pi: E \rightarrow B$ is trivial if and only if $w_1(E) = 0 \in H^1(B; \mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z})$.
(9) Show that the exact sequence of abelian topological groups

$$0 \rightarrow \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \rightarrow S^1 = GL(1, \mathbb{C}) \rightarrow 0$$

induces an exact sequence in Čech cohomology

$$\check{H}^1(B; \mathbb{Z}) \rightarrow \check{H}^1(B; \mathbb{R}) \rightarrow \check{H}^1(B; S^1) \xrightarrow{\delta} \check{H}^2(B; \mathbb{Z}).$$

Given a complex line bundle (principal $GL(1, \mathbb{C})$ -bundle) $\pi: E \rightarrow B$ coming from cocycle data $\phi \in \check{H}^1(B; GL(1, \mathbb{C}))$, let $c_1(E) = \delta(\phi)$. Compute $c_1(E)$ for some complex line bundles over S^2 .

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