

Worksheet 14

Math 607, Homological Algebra

Monday, May 4, 2020

1. We know that $\mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}$ is flat. Show by example that it is not faithfully flat: that is, find a sequence

$$0 \rightarrow A \rightarrow B \rightarrow C \rightarrow 0$$

of Abelian groups that is *not* exact, but becomes exact when you tensor with $\mathbb{Q}$.

- 1'. Same with $k[x, y] \rightarrow k(x, y)$.

Hint: The Koszul complex

$$0 \longrightarrow R \xrightarrow{\begin{pmatrix} y \\ -x \end{pmatrix}} R^2 \xrightarrow{\begin{pmatrix} x & y \end{pmatrix}} R \longrightarrow 0$$

is a nice example; understand why it works.

2. Show that $\mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{-3}]$ is faithfully flat.

Hint: as a $\mathbb{Z}$ -module, $\mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{-3}] \cong \mathbb{Z}^2$.

- 2'. Same with $k[x] \rightarrow k[x, y]/(y^2 = x^3 + x)$.

3. If you still have some time, show that if there is a faithfully flat map $R \rightarrow S$ then $\text{glob dim } R \leq \text{glob dim } S$. Problems 1 and 1' above show that you can't do without "faithfully."