Geological Sciences

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Faculty

Ilya N. Bindeman, associate professor (stable isotope geochemistry, volcanology). BS, 1988, Moscow; PhD, 1998, Chicago. (2004)

Katharine V. Cashman, College of Arts and Sciences Distinguished Professor; Philip H. Knight Professor (volcanology, igneous petrology, crystallization kinetics). BA, 1976, Middlebury; MS, 1979, Victoria, New Zealand; PhD, 1987, Johns Hopkins. (1991)

Edward B. Davis, assistant professor (vertebrate paleontology). BS, 1999, Tennessee, Knoxville; PhD, 2005, California, Berkeley. (2013)

Rebecca J. Dorsey, professor (sedimentology, basin analysis). BS, 1983, Vermont; MA, 1986, PhD, 1989, Princeton. (1997)

Emilie Hooft Toomey, associate professor (marine geophysics). BSc, 1990, Trinity College, Toronto; PhD, 1997, Massachusetts Institute of Technology and Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution. (1999)

Eugene D. Humphreys, professor (seismology, regional tectonics). BS, 1974, MS, 1978, California, Riverside; PhD, 1985, California Institute of Technology. (1985)

Qusheng Jin, associate professor (biogeoscience). BS, 1994, Nanjing; MS, 1997, Chinese Academy of Sciences; PhD, 2003, Illinois, Urbana-Champaign. (2005)

A. Dana Johnston, professor (experimental petrology, geochemistry). BS, 1976, Bates; MS, 1978, PhD, 1983, Minnesota. (1986)

Marli B. Miller, senior instructor (structural geology). BA, 1982, Colorado College; MS, 1987, PhD, 1992, Washington (Seattle). (1997)

Mark H. Reed, professor (mineral deposits, aqueous geochemistry). BA, 1971, Carleton; MS, 1974, PhD, 1977, California, Berkeley. (1979)

Alan W. Rempel, associate professor (geomechanics and applied mathematics). BASc, 1991, MSc, 1995, British Columbia; PhD, 2001, Cambridge. (2004)

Gregory J. Retallack, professor (paleobotany, paleosols). BA, 1973, Macquarie; PhD, 1978, New England University, Australia. (1981)

Joshua J. Roering, professor (surface processes, geomorphology). BS, 1994, MS, 1995, Stanford; PhD, 2000, California, Berkeley. (2000)

David A. Sutherland, assistant professor (physical oceanography). BA, 2001, North Carolina, Wilmington; PhD, 2008, Massachusetts Institute of Technology and Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution. (2011)

Amanda M. Thomas, assistant professor (earthquake seismology and fault mechanics). BS, 2007, Georgia Institute of Technology; PhD, 2012, California, Berkeley. (2015)

Douglas R. Toomey, professor (seismology, tectonics, midocean ridges). BS, 1981, Pennsylvania State; PhD, 1987, Massachusetts Institute of Technology and Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution. (1990)

Paul J. Wallace, professor (igneous petrology, volcanology, geochemistry). BS, 1986, George Washington University; PhD, 1991, California, Berkeley. (2001)

James M. Watkins, assistant professor (experimental petrology, geochemistry, volcanology). BS, 2005, Wisconsin, Eau Claire; PhD, 2010, Cailfornia, Berkeley. (2012)

Ray J. Weldon, professor (neotectonics, structural and quaternary geology). BA, 1977, Pomona; PhD, 1986, California Institute of Technology. (1987)

Courtesy

David Krinsley, courtesy professor (electron microscopy). PhB, 1948, SB, 1950, SM, 1950, PhD, 1956, Chicago. (1991)

John M. Logan, courtesy professor (rock mechanics). BS, 1956, Michigan State; MS, 1962, PhD, 1965, Oklahoma. (1997)

Special Staff

John Donovan, research assistant (electron beam microanalysis). (2001)

Dennis K. Fletcher, research assistant. BS, 1996, Oregon. (2006)

James Palandri, research associate. PhD, 2000, Oregon. (2001)

Emeriti

Sam Boggs, professor emeritus. BS, 1956, Kentucky; PhD, 1964, Colorado. (1965)

M. Allan Kays, professor emeritus. BA, 1956, Southern Illinois; MA, 1958, PhD, 1960, Washington (St. Louis). (1961)

Alexander R. McBirney, professor emeritus. BS, 1946, United States Military Academy, West Point; PhD, 1961, California, Berkeley. (1965)

William N. Orr, professor emeritus. BS, 1961, Oklahoma; MA, 1963, California, Riverside and Los Angeles; PhD, 1967, Michigan State. (1967)

Jack M. Rice, professor emeritus. AB, 1970, Dartmouth; MS, 1972, PhD, 1975, Washington (Seattle). (1977)

Norman M. Savage, professor emeritus. BSc, 1959, Bristol; PhD, 1968, Sydney. (1971)

Harve S. Waff, professor emeritus. BS, 1962, William and Mary; MS, 1966, PhD, 1970, Oregon. (1978)

Daniel Weill, professor emeritus. BA, 1956, Cornell; MS, 1958, Illinois; PhD, 1962, California, Berkeley. (2002)

The date in parentheses at the end of each entry is the first year on the University of Oregon faculty.

- **Bachelor of Arts: Geology Track**
- **Bachelor of Arts: Geophysics Track**
- **Bachelor of Arts: Environmental Geoscience Track**
- **Bachelor of Arts: Paleontology Track**
- **Bachelor of Science: Geology Track**
- **Bachelor of Science: Geophysics Track**

- **Bachelor of Science: Environmental Geoscience Track**
- **Bachelor of Science: Paleontology Track**
- **Minor**

Undergraduate Studies

The undergraduate program in the Department of Geological Sciences provides an understanding of the materials that constitute the earth and the processes that have shaped the earth from deep in its interior to the surface environment. Geology applies all the basic sciences—biology, chemistry, mathematics, and physics—to understanding earth processes in the historical context of geologic time. It is a science that explores problems by combining field investigations with laboratory experiments and theoretical studies.

Geology also addresses many natural hazards—earthquakes, flooding, and volcanic eruptions—that affect humans. It addresses the impact of humans on the earth's surface environment, where we pollute rivers and ground water, cause rapid erosion and landslides, or attempt to re-engineer rivers and shorelines.

Preparation

High school students planning to major in geological sciences should include in their high school program as much mathematics and science (physics, chemistry, biology, or earth science) as possible.

Students who transfer to the department after two years of college work elsewhere should have completed a year of general chemistry, a year of general physics, and two quarters or a semester of calculus. A year of general geology with laboratory is recommended.

Careers

Students with a degree in geological sciences are qualified for employment in a broad range of careers: geotechnical and environmental consultants; K–12 school teachers (with an additional teaching certificate); laboratory technicians; professional geologists, geophysicists, or geochemists; and positions in the petroleum and mining industries or in state and federal agencies such as the United States Geological Survey or the Environmental Protection Agency. The current climate for employment in the earth sciences is good. Geoscience jobs require skills in critical thinking and problem solving, quantitative analysis, oral and written communication, and team work. The Department of Geological Sciences curriculum emphasizes these skills.

Geological Sciences Curriculum

The Department of Geological Sciences offers a bachelor of science (BS) or a bachelor of arts (BA) degree with a major in geological sciences.

Major Tracks

Earth science is an unusually broad subject. It addresses everything from the chemical processes that make rocks and minerals to the physics behind plate tectonics and the travel of earthquake waves through the planet. It explores the history of the evolution of life revealed in fossils, and it probes the earth processes that affect how humans can survive on the surface of the planet. To address this breadth, the department offers four curricular tracks for a major in geological sciences: geology, geophysics, environmental geoscience, and paleontology.

All of the tracks require a common core of general chemistry, calculus, general geology, and physics, except that paleontology- and environmental geoscience–track students may take two terms of biology in place of two terms of physics. Beyond the core, each track requires certain additional courses and a selection of electives.

Undergraduate Research

As many as 4 credits of research can be counted toward electives in any of the tracks. To receive such credit, students must

1. submit a short letter, approved by the faculty research advisor and addressed to the head undergraduate advisor in geological sciences, stating the nature of the research and asserting that there is faculty supervision
2. submit a final written report to the faculty advisor describing the results of the research.

Students may earn credit in this category by registering for any of the following:

GEOL 401	Research: [Topic]	1-21
GEOL 406	Field Studies: [Topic]	1-6
GEOL 408	Laboratory Projects: [Topic]	1-6

Students who complete an honors thesis may not apply this option toward elective credits.

Grade Options and Standards

Undergraduate majors must take for letter grades (the pass/no pass option is not acceptable) all the courses required in their degree program. Required courses must be completed with grades of C– or better. Exceptions for honors students are noted under Honors in Geological Sciences.

Bachelor of Arts: Geology Track

Core Courses		
GEOL 101 & GEOL 102 & GEOL 103	Earth's Dynamic Interior and Environmental Geology and Landform Development and The Evolving Earth [1]	12
or GEOL 201 & GEOL 202 & GEOL 203	Earth's Interior Heat and Dynamics and Earth Surface and Environmental Geology and Evolution of the Earth	
PHYS 201–202	General Physics	8
or PHYS 251 & PHYS 252	Foundations of Physics I and Foundations of Physics I	
CH 221–222	General Chemistry	8
or CH 224H–225H	Honors General Chemistry	
One from the following:		4
CH 223	General Chemistry	
CH 226H	Honors General Chemistry	
PHYS 203	General Physics	
PHYS 253	Foundations of Physics I	
MATH 246–247	Calculus for the Biological Sciences I-II	8
or MATH 251–252	Calculus I-II	
Select one of the following:		4
MATH 253	Calculus III	
MATH 425	Statistical Methods I	
GEOL 418	Earth and Environmental Data Analysis	

PHYS 481	Design of Experiments	
GEOL 315	Earth Physics	4
GEOL 316	Introduction to Hydrogeology	4
GEOL 318	Introduction to Field Methods	3
Additional Requirements		
GEOL 331	Mineralogy	5
GEOL 332	Introduction to Petrology	5
GEOL 334	Sedimentology and Stratigraphy	4
GEOL 350 & GEOL 351 & GEOL 352	Structural Geology and Structural Geology Problems and Structural Geology Laboratory and Field	5
GEOL 406	Field Studies: [Topic]	12
Electives		
See Electives table for choices		20
Total Credits		106

1 The 200-level sequence is recommended for majors; however, the 100-level sequence may be substituted if the courses are passed with grades of mid-B or better.

Electives

Anthropology		
ANTH 361	Human Evolution	4
ANTH 366	Human Osteology Laboratory	4
ANTH 466	Primate Feeding and Nutrition	4
ANTH 468	Evolutionary Theory	4
ANTH 471	Zooarchaeology	4
Biology		
Courses numbered 306 or higher		
Chemistry		
CH 227–229 or CH 237–239	General Chemistry Laboratory Advanced General Chemistry Laboratory	6
CH 331,335–336	Organic Chemistry I-III	12
CH 411–413	Physical Chemistry	12
CH 431–433	Inorganic Chemistry	12
CH 444	Chemical Thermodynamics	4
CH 445	Statistical Mechanics	4
Computer and Information Science		
CIS 122	Introduction to Programming and Problem Solving	4
CIS 210–212	Computer Science I-III	12
CIS 315	Intermediate Algorithms	4
Geography		
GEOG 181	Our Digital Earth	4
GEOG 321	Climatology	4
GEOG 322	Geomorphology	4
GEOG 323	Biogeography	4
GEOG 360	Watershed Science and Policy	4
GEOG 361	Global Environmental Change	4
GEOG 423	Advanced Biogeography: [Topic]	4
GEOG 425	Hydrology and Water Resources	4
GEOG 427	Fluvial Geomorphology	4
GEOG 430	Long-Term Environmental Change	4
GEOG 481–482	GIScience I-II	8
GEOG 485–486	Remote Sensing I-II	8
GEOG 491	Advanced Geographic Information Systems	4
GEOG 495	Geographic Data Analysis	4
Geological Sciences		
GEOL 353	Geologic Hazards	4
GEOL 363	MATLAB for Earth Scientists	2
GEOL 401	Research: [Topic]	1-21
GEOL 403	Thesis	1-6
GEOL 410	Experimental Course: [Topic]	5
GEOL 407	Seminar: [Topic] (Current Topics in Geology) [1]	3
Courses higher than 410 [2]		
Mathematics		
MATH 256	Introduction to Differential Equations	4
MATH 281–282	Several-Variable Calculus I-II	8
MATH 341–342	Elementary Linear Algebra	8
MATH 411–412	Functions of a Complex Variable I-II	8
MATH 421–422	Partial Differential Equations: Fourier Analysis I-II	8
MATH 425–426	Statistical Methods I-II	8
Physics		
PHYS 204–206	Introductory Physics Laboratory	6
PHYS 290	Foundations of Physics Laboratory	1
PHYS 351–353	Foundations of Physics II	12
PHYS 411–413	Mechanics, Electricity, and Magnetism	12

1 Pass/no pass

2 May include one course numbered 304–310.

Bachelor of Science: Geology Track

Core Courses		
GEOL 101 & GEOL 102 & GEOL 103	Earth's Dynamic Interior and Environmental Geology and Landform Development and The Evolving Earth [1]	12
or GEOL 201 & GEOL 202 & GEOL 203	Earth's Interior Heat and Dynamics and Earth Surface and Environmental Geology and Evolution of the Earth	
PHYS 201–202	General Physics	8
or PHYS 251 & PHYS 252	Foundations of Physics I and Foundations of Physics I	
CH 221–222	General Chemistry	8
or CH 224H–225H	Honors General Chemistry	
One from the following:		4
CH 223	General Chemistry	
CH 226H	Honors General Chemistry	
PHYS 203	General Physics	
PHYS 253	Foundations of Physics I	
MATH 246–247	Calculus for the Biological Sciences I-II	8

or MATH 251–252	Calculus I-II	
Select one of the following:		4
MATH 253	Calculus III	
MATH 425	Statistical Methods I	
GEOL 418	Earth and Environmental Data Analysis	
PHYS 481	Design of Experiments	
GEOL 315	Earth Physics	4
GEOL 316	Introduction to Hydrogeology	4
GEOL 318	Introduction to Field Methods	3
Additional Requirements		
GEOL 331	Mineralogy	5
GEOL 332	Introduction to Petrology	5
GEOL 334	Sedimentology and Stratigraphy	4
GEOL 350 & GEOL 351 & GEOL 352	Structural Geology and Structural Geology Problems and Structural Geology Laboratory and Field	5
GEOL 406	Field Studies: [Topic]	12
Electives		
See Electives table for choices		20
Total Credits		106

1 The 200-level sequence is recommended for majors; however, the 100-level sequence may be substituted if the courses are passed with grades of mid-B or better.

Electives

Anthropology		
ANTH 361	Human Evolution	4
ANTH 366	Human Osteology Laboratory	4
ANTH 466	Primate Feeding and Nutrition	4
ANTH 468	Evolutionary Theory	4
ANTH 471	Zooarchaeology	4
Biology		
Courses numbered 306 or higher		
Chemistry		
CH 227–229	General Chemistry Laboratory	6
or CH 237–239	Advanced General Chemistry Laboratory	
CH 331,335–336	Organic Chemistry I-III	12
CH 411–413	Physical Chemistry	12
CH 431–433	Inorganic Chemistry	12
CH 444	Chemical Thermodynamics	4
CH 445	Statistical Mechanics	4
Computer and Information Science		
CIS 122	Introduction to Programming and Problem Solving	4
CIS 210–212	Computer Science I-III	12
CIS 315	Intermediate Algorithms	4
Geography		
GEOG 181	Our Digital Earth	4
GEOG 321	Climatology	4
GEOG 322	Geomorphology	4
GEOG 323	Biogeography	4
GEOG 360	Watershed Science and Policy	4
GEOG 361	Global Environmental Change	4
GEOG 423	Advanced Biogeography: [Topic]	4
GEOG 425	Hydrology and Water Resources	4
GEOG 427	Fluvial Geomorphology	4
GEOG 430	Long-Term Environmental Change	4
GEOG 481–482	GIScience I-II	8
GEOG 485–486	Remote Sensing I-II	8
GEOG 491	Advanced Geographic Information Systems	4
GEOG 495	Geographic Data Analysis	4
Geological Sciences		
GEOL 353	Geologic Hazards	4
GEOL 363	MATLAB for Earth Scientists	2
GEOL 401	Research: [Topic]	1-21
GEOL 403	Thesis	1-6
GEOL 410	Experimental Course: [Topic]	5
GEOL 407	Seminar: [Topic] (Current Topics in Geology) [1]	3
Courses higher than 410 [2]		
Mathematics		
MATH 256	Introduction to Differential Equations	4
MATH 281–282	Several-Variable Calculus I-II	8
MATH 341–342	Elementary Linear Algebra	8
MATH 411–412	Functions of a Complex Variable I-II	8
MATH 421–422	Partial Differential Equations: Fourier Analysis I-II	8
MATH 425–426	Statistical Methods I-II	8
Physics		
PHYS 204–206	Introductory Physics Laboratory	6
PHYS 290	Foundations of Physics Laboratory	1
PHYS 351–353	Foundations of Physics II	12
PHYS 411–413	Mechanics, Electricity, and Magnetism	12

1 Pass/no pass

2 May include one course numbered 304–310.

Bachelor of Arts: Geophysics Track

GEOL 101 & GEOL 102 & GEOL 103	Earth's Dynamic Interior and Environmental Geology and Landform Development and The Evolving Earth [1]	12
or GEOL 201 & GEOL 202 & GEOL 203	Earth's Interior Heat and Dynamics and Earth Surface and Environmental Geology and Evolution of the Earth	
PHYS 251–253	Foundations of Physics I	12
CH 221–223	General Chemistry	12
or CH 224H–226H	Honors General Chemistry	
MATH 246–247	Calculus for the Biological Sciences I-II	8
or MATH 251–252	Calculus I-II	
Select one of the following:		4
MATH 253	Calculus III	

MATH 425	Statistical Methods I	
GEOL 418	Earth and Environmental Data Analysis	
PHYS 481	Design of Experiments	
GEOL 315	Earth Physics	4
GEOL 316	Introduction to Hydrogeology	4
GEOL 318	Introduction to Field Methods	3
Additional Requirements		
GEOL 311	Earth Materials	5
GEOL 334	Sedimentology and Stratigraphy	4
GEOL 350 & GEOL 351 & GEOL 352	Structural Geology and Structural Geology Problems and Structural Geology Laboratory and Field	5
GEOL 406	Field Studies: [Topic]	12
GEOL 455	Mechanical Earth	4
MATH 281–282 & MATH 256	Several-Variable Calculus I-II and Introduction to Differential Equations	12
PHYS 351–353 or PHYS 411–413	Foundations of Physics II Mechanics, Electricity, and Magnetism	12
Electives		
See Electives table for choices		16
Total Credits		129

[1] The 200-level sequence is recommended for majors; however, the 100-level sequence may be substituted if the courses are passed with grades of mid-B or better.

Electives

Chemistry		
CH 411	Physical Chemistry	4
Geological Sciences		
GEOL 350	Structural Geology	3
GEOL 351	Structural Geology Problems	1
GEOL 352	Structural Geology Laboratory and Field	1
GEOL 353	Geologic Hazards	4
GEOL 363	MATLAB for Earth Scientists	2
GEOL 401	Research: [Topic]	1-21
GEOL 403	Thesis	1-6
GEOL 407	Seminar: [Topic] (Current Topics in Geology) [1]	1-5
Courses numbered 408 or higher		
Mathematics		
MATH 341–342 or MATH 421–422	Elementary Linear Algebra Partial Differential Equations: Fourier Analysis I-II	8

[1] Pass/no pass

Bachelor of Science: Geophysics Track

GEOL 101 & GEOL 102 & GEOL 103	Earth's Dynamic Interior and Environmental Geology and Landform Development and The Evolving Earth [1]	12
or GEOL 201 & GEOL 202 & GEOL 203	Earth's Interior Heat and Dynamics and Earth Surface and Environmental Geology and Evolution of the Earth	
PHYS 251–253	Foundations of Physics I	12
CH 221–223 or CH 224H–226H	General Chemistry Honors General Chemistry	12
MATH 246–247 or MATH 251–252	Calculus for the Biological Sciences I-II Calculus I-II	8
Select one of the following:		4
MATH 253	Calculus III	
MATH 425	Statistical Methods I	
GEOL 418	Earth and Environmental Data Analysis	
PHYS 481	Design of Experiments	
GEOL 315	Earth Physics	4
GEOL 316	Introduction to Hydrogeology	4
GEOL 318	Introduction to Field Methods	3
Additional Requirements		
GEOL 311	Earth Materials	5
GEOL 334	Sedimentology and Stratigraphy	4
GEOL 350 & GEOL 351 & GEOL 352	Structural Geology and Structural Geology Problems and Structural Geology Laboratory and Field	5
GEOL 406	Field Studies: [Topic]	12
GEOL 455	Mechanical Earth	4
MATH 281–282 & MATH 256	Several-Variable Calculus I-II and Introduction to Differential Equations	12
PHYS 351–353 or PHYS 411–413	Foundations of Physics II Mechanics, Electricity, and Magnetism	12
Electives		
See Electives table for choices		16
Total Credits		129

[1] The 200-level sequence is recommended for majors; however, the 100-level sequence may be substituted if the courses are passed with grades of mid-B or better.

Electives

Chemistry		
CH 411	Physical Chemistry	4
Geological Sciences		
GEOL 350	Structural Geology	3
GEOL 351	Structural Geology Problems	1
GEOL 352	Structural Geology Laboratory and Field	1
GEOL 353	Geologic Hazards	4
GEOL 363	MATLAB for Earth Scientists	2
GEOL 401	Research: [Topic]	1-21
GEOL 403	Thesis	1-6
GEOL 407	Seminar: [Topic] (Current Topics in Geology) [1]	1-5
Courses numbered 408 or higher		

Mathematics		
MATH 341–342	Elementary Linear Algebra	8
or MATH 421–422	Partial Differential Equations: Fourier Analysis I-II	

[1] Pass/no pass

Bachelor of Arts: Environmental Geoscience Track

Core Courses		
GEOL 101 & GEOL 102 & GEOL 103	Earth's Dynamic Interior and Environmental Geology and Landform Development and The Evolving Earth [1]	12
or GEOL 201 & GEOL 202 & GEOL 203	Earth's Interior Heat and Dynamics and Earth Surface and Environmental Geology and Evolution of the Earth	
Select one of the following:		12
PHYS 201 & BI 211 & BI 212	General Physics and General Biology I: Cells and General Biology II: Organisms	
PHYS 201 & BI 211 & BI 213	General Physics and General Biology I: Cells and General Biology III: Populations	
CH 221–223	General Chemistry	12
or CH 224H–226H	Honors General Chemistry	
MATH 246–247	Calculus for the Biological Sciences I-II	8
or MATH 251–252	Calculus I-II	
Select one of the following:		4
MATH 253	Calculus III	
MATH 425	Statistical Methods I	
GEOL 418	Earth and Environmental Data Analysis	
PHYS 481	Design of Experiments	
GEOL 315	Earth Physics	4
GEOL 316	Introduction to Hydrogeology	4
GEOL 318	Introduction to Field Methods	3
Additional Requirements		
GEOL 310	Earth Resources and the Environment	4
GEOL 334	Sedimentology and Stratigraphy	4
GEOL 353	Geologic Hazards	4
BI 370	Ecology	4
or GEOL 451	Hydrogeology	
Electives		
See Electives table for choices		24
Total Credits		99

Electives

Biology		
Courses numbered 306 or higher		
Chemistry		
CH 227–229	General Chemistry Laboratory	6
or CH 237–239	Advanced General Chemistry Laboratory	
CH 331,335–336	Organic Chemistry I-III	12
CH 411–413	Physical Chemistry	12
CH 431–433	Inorganic Chemistry	12
CH 444	Chemical Thermodynamics	4
CH 445	Statistical Mechanics	4
Computer and Information Science		
CIS 122	Introduction to Programming and Problem Solving	4
CIS 210–212	Computer Science I-III	12
CIS 315	Intermediate Algorithms	4
Geography		
GEOG 321	Climatology	4
GEOG 322	Geomorphology	4
GEOG 323	Biogeography	4
GEOG 360	Watershed Science and Policy	4
GEOG 361	Global Environmental Change	4
GEOG 423	Advanced Biogeography: [Topic]	4
GEOG 425	Hydrology and Water Resources	4
GEOG 427	Fluvial Geomorphology	4
GEOG 430	Long-Term Environmental Change	4
GEOG 481–482	GIScience I-II	8
GEOG 485–486	Remote Sensing I-II	8
GEOG 491	Advanced Geographic Information Systems	4
GEOG 493	Advanced Cartography	4
GEOG 495	Geographic Data Analysis	4
Geological Sciences		
GEOL 350	Structural Geology	3
GEOL 363	MATLAB for Earth Scientists	2
GEOL 401	Research: [Topic]	1-21
GEOL 403	Thesis	1-6
GEOL 406	Field Studies: [Topic]	1-6
GEOL 410	Experimental Course: [Topic]	5
Courses numbered 411 and higher [2]		
Mathematics		
MATH 256	Introduction to Differential Equations	4
MATH 281–282	Several-Variable Calculus I-II	8
MATH 341–342	Elementary Linear Algebra	8
MATH 411–412	Functions of a Complex Variable I-II	8
MATH 425–426	Statistical Methods I-II	8
MATH 421–422	Partial Differential Equations: Fourier Analysis I-II	8
Physics		
PHYS 204–206	Introductory Physics Laboratory	6
PHYS 290	Foundations of Physics Laboratory	1
PHYS 351–353	Foundations of Physics II	12
PHYS 411–413	Mechanics, Electricity, and Magnetism	12
Engineering		
OSU engineering courses, by permission of a departmental advisor		

1 The 200-level sequence is recommended for majors; however, the 100-level sequence may be substituted if the courses are passed with grades of mid-B or better.

2 May include courses numbered 304-310.

Bachelor of Science: Environmental Geoscience Track

Core Courses		
GEOL 101 & GEOL 102 & GEOL 103	Earth's Dynamic Interior and Environmental Geology and Landform Development and The Evolving Earth [1]	12
or GEOL 201 & GEOL 202 & GEOL 203	Earth's Interior Heat and Dynamics and Earth Surface and Environmental Geology and Evolution of the Earth	
Select one of the following:		12
PHYS 201 & BI 211 & BI 212	General Physics and General Biology I: Cells and General Biology II: Organisms	
PHYS 201 & BI 211 & BI 213	General Physics and General Biology I: Cells and General Biology III: Populations	
CH 221–223	General Chemistry	12
or CH 224H–226H	Honors General Chemistry	
MATH 246–247	Calculus for the Biological Sciences I-II	8
or MATH 251–252	Calculus I-II	
Select one of the following:		4
MATH 253	Calculus III	
MATH 425	Statistical Methods I	
GEOL 418	Earth and Environmental Data Analysis	
PHYS 481	Design of Experiments	
GEOL 315	Earth Physics	4
GEOL 316	Introduction to Hydrogeology	4
GEOL 318	Introduction to Field Methods	3
Additional Requirements		
GEOL 310	Earth Resources and the Environment	4
GEOL 334	Sedimentology and Stratigraphy	4
GEOL 353	Geologic Hazards	4
BI 370	Ecology	4
or GEOL 451	Hydrogeology	
Electives		
See Electives table for choices		24
Total Credits		99

Electives

Biology		
Courses numbered 306 or higher		
Chemistry		
CH 227–229	General Chemistry Laboratory	6
or CH 237–239	Advanced General Chemistry Laboratory	
CH 331,335–336	Organic Chemistry I-III	12
CH 411–413	Physical Chemistry	12
CH 431–433	Inorganic Chemistry	12
CH 444	Chemical Thermodynamics	4
CH 445	Statistical Mechanics	4
Computer and Information Science		
CIS 122	Introduction to Programming and Problem Solving	4
CIS 210–212	Computer Science I-III	12
CIS 315	Intermediate Algorithms	4
Geography		
GEOG 321	Climatology	4
GEOG 322	Geomorphology	4
GEOG 323	Biogeography	4
GEOG 360	Watershed Science and Policy	4
GEOG 361	Global Environmental Change	4
GEOG 423	Advanced Biogeography: [Topic]	4
GEOG 425	Hydrology and Water Resources	4
GEOG 427	Fluvial Geomorphology	4
GEOG 430	Long-Term Environmental Change	4
GEOG 481–482	GIScience I-II	8
GEOG 485–486	Remote Sensing I-II	8
GEOG 491	Advanced Geographic Information Systems	4
GEOG 493	Advanced Cartography	4
GEOG 495	Geographic Data Analysis	4
Geological Sciences		
GEOL 350	Structural Geology	3
GEOL 363	MATLAB for Earth Scientists	2
GEOL 401	Research: [Topic]	1-21
GEOL 403	Thesis	1-6
GEOL 406	Field Studies: [Topic]	1-6
GEOL 410	Experimental Course: [Topic]	5
Courses numbered 411 and higher [2]		
Mathematics		
MATH 256	Introduction to Differential Equations	4
MATH 281–282	Several-Variable Calculus I-II	8
MATH 341–342	Elementary Linear Algebra	8
MATH 411–412	Functions of a Complex Variable I-II	8
MATH 425–426	Statistical Methods I-II	8
MATH 421–422	Partial Differential Equations: Fourier Analysis I-II	8
Physics		
PHYS 204–206	Introductory Physics Laboratory	6
PHYS 290	Foundations of Physics Laboratory	1
PHYS 351–353	Foundations of Physics II	12
PHYS 411–413	Mechanics, Electricity, and Magnetism	12
Engineering		
OSU engineering courses, by permission of a departmental advisor		

1 The 200-level sequence is recommended for majors; however, the 100-level sequence may be substituted if the courses are passed with grades of mid-B or better.

2 May include courses numbered 304-310.

Bachelor of Arts: Paleontology Track

GEOL 101 & GEOL 102 & GEOL 103	Earth's Dynamic Interior and Environmental Geology and Landform Development and The Evolving Earth [1]	12
or GEOL 201 & GEOL 202 & GEOL 203	Earth's Interior Heat and Dynamics and Earth Surface and Environmental Geology and Evolution of the Earth	
PHYS 201	General Physics	4
or PHYS 251	Foundations of Physics I	
Select one of the following:		8
BI 211–212	General Biology I-II	
BI 211,213	General Biology I,III	
PHYS 202–203	General Physics	
PHYS 252–253	Foundations of Physics I	
CH 221–223	General Chemistry	12
or CH 224H–226H	Honors General Chemistry	
MATH 246–247	Calculus for the Biological Sciences I-II	8
or MATH 251–252	Calculus I-II	
Select one of the following:		4
MATH 253	Calculus III	
MATH 425	Statistical Methods I	
GEOL 418	Earth and Environmental Data Analysis	
PHYS 481	Design of Experiments	
GEOL 311	Earth Materials	5-10
or GEOL 331 & GEOL 332	Mineralogy and Introduction to Petrology	
GEOL 315	Earth Physics	4
or GEOL 316	Introduction to Hydrogeology	
GEOL 318	Introduction to Field Methods	3
Additional Requirements		
GEOL 334	Sedimentology and Stratigraphy	4
GEOL 350 & GEOL 351 & GEOL 352	Structural Geology and Structural Geology Problems and Structural Geology Laboratory and Field	5
GEOL 406	Field Studies: [Topic]	12
Select two of the following:		8
GEOL 431	Paleontology I: Paleozoic Marine Fossils	
GEOL 433	Paleobotany	
GEOL 434	Vertebrate Paleontology	
GEOL 435	Paleopedology	
Electives		
See Electives table for choices		16
Total Credits		105-110

1 The 200-level sequence is recommended for majors; however, the 100-level sequence may be substituted if the courses are passed with grades of mid-B or better.

Electives

Biology		
Courses numbered 306 or higher		
Chemistry		
CH 227–229	General Chemistry Laboratory	6
or CH 237–239	Advanced General Chemistry Laboratory	
CH 331,335–336	Organic Chemistry I-III	12
CH 411–413	Physical Chemistry	12
CH 431–433	Inorganic Chemistry	12
CH 444	Chemical Thermodynamics	4
CH 445	Statistical Mechanics	4
Computer and Information Science		
CIS 122	Introduction to Programming and Problem Solving	4
CIS 210–212	Computer Science I-III	12
CIS 315	Intermediate Algorithms	4
Geography		
GEOG 321	Climatology	4
GEOG 322	Geomorphology	4
GEOG 323	Biogeography	4
GEOG 360	Watershed Science and Policy	4
GEOG 361	Global Environmental Change	4
GEOG 423	Advanced Biogeography: [Topic]	4
GEOG 425	Hydrology and Water Resources	4
GEOG 427	Fluvial Geomorphology	4
GEOG 430	Long-Term Environmental Change	4
GEOG 481–482	GIScience I-II	8
GEOG 495	Geographic Data Analysis	4
Geological Sciences		
GEOL 353	Geologic Hazards	4
GEOL 363	MATLAB for Earth Scientists	2
GEOL 401	Research: [Topic]	1-21
GEOL 403	Thesis	1-6
GEOL 410	Experimental Course: [Topic]	5
GEOL 407	Seminar: [Topic] [1]	3
Courses higher than 410 [2]		
Mathematics		
MATH 256	Introduction to Differential Equations	4
MATH 281–282	Several-Variable Calculus I-II	8
MATH 341–342	Elementary Linear Algebra	8
MATH 411–412	Functions of a Complex Variable I-II	8
MATH 420 & MATH 421	Ordinary Differential Equations and Partial Differential Equations: Fourier Analysis I	8
MATH 425–426	Statistical Methods I-II	8
Physics		
PHYS 204–206	Introductory Physics Laboratory	6
PHYS 290	Foundations of Physics Laboratory	1
PHYS 351–353	Foundations of Physics II	12
PHYS 411–413	Mechanics, Electricity, and Magnetism	12

1 Pass/no pass

2 May include one course numbered 304-310.

Bachelor of Science: Paleontology Track

GEOL 101 & GEOL 102 & GEOL 103	Earth's Dynamic Interior and Environmental Geology and Landform Development and The Evolving Earth [1]	12
or GEOL 201 & GEOL 202 & GEOL 203	Earth's Interior Heat and Dynamics and Earth Surface and Environmental Geology and Evolution of the Earth	
PHYS 201	General Physics	4
or PHYS 251	Foundations of Physics I	
Select one of the following:		8
BI 211–212	General Biology I-II	
BI 211,213	General Biology I,III	
PHYS 202–203	General Physics	
PHYS 252–253	Foundations of Physics I	
CH 221–223	General Chemistry	12
or CH 224H–226H	Honors General Chemistry	
MATH 246–247	Calculus for the Biological Sciences I-II	8
or MATH 251–252	Calculus I-II	
Select one of the following:		4
MATH 253	Calculus III	
MATH 425	Statistical Methods I	
GEOL 418	Earth and Environmental Data Analysis	
PHYS 481	Design of Experiments	
GEOL 311	Earth Materials	5-10
or GEOL 331 & GEOL 332	Mineralogy and Introduction to Petrology	
GEOL 315	Earth Physics	4
or GEOL 316	Introduction to Hydrogeology	
GEOL 318	Introduction to Field Methods	3
Additional Requirements		
GEOL 334	Sedimentology and Stratigraphy	4
GEOL 350 & GEOL 351 & GEOL 352	Structural Geology and Structural Geology Problems and Structural Geology Laboratory and Field	5
GEOL 406	Field Studies: [Topic]	12
Select two of the following:		8
GEOL 431	Paleontology I: Paleozoic Marine Fossils	
GEOL 433	Paleobotany	
GEOL 434	Vertebrate Paleontology	
GEOL 435	Paleopedology	
Electives		
See Electives table for choices		16
Total Credits		105-110

1 The 200-level sequence is recommended for majors; however, the 100-level sequence may be substituted if the courses are passed with grades of mid-B or better.

Electives

Biology		
Courses numbered 306 or higher		
Chemistry		
CH 227–229	General Chemistry Laboratory	6
or CH 237–239	Advanced General Chemistry Laboratory	
CH 331,335–336	Organic Chemistry I-III	12
CH 411–413	Physical Chemistry	12
CH 431–433	Inorganic Chemistry	12
CH 444	Chemical Thermodynamics	4
CH 445	Statistical Mechanics	4
Computer and Information Science		
CIS 122	Introduction to Programming and Problem Solving	4
CIS 210–212	Computer Science I-III	12
CIS 315	Intermediate Algorithms	4
Geography		
GEOG 321	Climatology	4
GEOG 322	Geomorphology	4
GEOG 323	Biogeography	4
GEOG 360	Watershed Science and Policy	4
GEOG 361	Global Environmental Change	4
GEOG 423	Advanced Biogeography: [Topic]	4
GEOG 425	Hydrology and Water Resources	4
GEOG 427	Fluvial Geomorphology	4
GEOG 430	Long-Term Environmental Change	4
GEOG 481–482	GIScience I-II	8
GEOG 495	Geographic Data Analysis	4
Geological Sciences		
GEOL 353	Geologic Hazards	4
GEOL 363	MATLAB for Earth Scientists	2
GEOL 401	Research: [Topic]	1-21
GEOL 403	Thesis	1-6
GEOL 410	Experimental Course: [Topic]	5
GEOL 407	Seminar: [Topic] [1]	3
Courses higher than 410 [2]		
Mathematics		
MATH 256	Introduction to Differential Equations	4
MATH 281–282	Several-Variable Calculus I-II	8
MATH 341–342	Elementary Linear Algebra	8
MATH 411–412	Functions of a Complex Variable I-II	8
MATH 420 & MATH 421	Ordinary Differential Equations and Partial Differential Equations: Fourier Analysis I	8
MATH 425–426	Statistical Methods I-II	8
Physics		
PHYS 204–206	Introductory Physics Laboratory	6
PHYS 290	Foundations of Physics Laboratory	1

PHYS 351–353	Foundations of Physics II	12
PHYS 411–413	Mechanics, Electricity, and Magnetism	12

1 Pass/no pass

2 May include one course numbered 304-310.

Honors in Geological Sciences

Application for graduation with honors in geological sciences must be made no later than spring term of the student's junior year. To be eligible for graduation with honors, a student must

1. Maintain a grade point average (GPA) of 3.50 or better in geological sciences courses or a 3.00 or better in all science courses
2. Submit and orally present an acceptable honors thesis written under the supervision of a department faculty member and evaluated by a committee consisting of three faculty members including the supervisor. The thesis should be presented no later than three weeks before final examinations during the term the student plans to graduate

Honors students may register for 3 credits of Research: [Topic] (GEOL 401) the term before they intend to graduate, and 3 credits of Thesis (GEOL 403) the term of graduation. These credits may be applied toward electives.

Minor Requirements

GEOL 101 & GEOL 102 & GEOL 103	Earth's Dynamic Interior and Environmental Geology and Landform Development and The Evolving Earth	12
or GEOL 201 & GEOL 202 & GEOL 203	Earth's Interior Heat and Dynamics and Earth Surface and Environmental Geology and Evolution of the Earth	
GEOL 213	Geology of National Parks	4
GEOL 300-499 [1]		11
Total Credits		27

1 No more than 8 credits in Geology of National Parks (GEOL 213), The Fossil Record (GEOL 304), Dinosaurs (GEOL 305), Volcanoes and Earthquakes (GEOL 306), Oceanography (GEOL 307), Geology of Oregon and the Pacific Northwest (GEOL 308), or Earth Resources and the Environment (GEOL 310) may be applied to the minor.

Undergraduate minors must take all required courses for letter grades and complete them with grades of C– or better.

Group Requirements

Fourteen geological sciences courses satisfy university science group requirements. See the Group Requirements section of this catalog under **Registration and Academic Policies.**

Kindergarten through Secondary Teaching Careers

Students who complete a degree with a major in geological sciences are eligible to apply to the College of Education's fifth-year licensure program in middle-secondary teaching or the fifth-year licensure program in elementary teaching. More information is available in the College of Education (http://catalog.uoregon.edu/archive/2014-2015/education) section of this catalog.

Graduate Studies

The Department of Geological Sciences offers programs of graduate study leading to master of science (MS), master of arts (MA), and doctor of philosophy (PhD) degrees with opportunity for research in a wide variety of specialty fields. Course work is designed to meet individual needs, and students may pursue independent research in geobiology, geochemistry, geodesy, geomechanics, geomorphology, geophysics, mineralogy, petrology, volcanology, paleontology, stratigraphy, sedimentary petrology, structural geology, and ore deposit geology. The master's degree program requires two years or more for completion.

Admission to the graduate program is competitive and based on academic records, scores on the Graduate Record Examinations (GRE), and letters of recommendation. Nonnative speakers of English must also submit scores for the Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL) and the Test of Spoken English (TSE). Applications are welcome from students who are interested in using their background in related fields, such as physics, chemistry, and biology, to solve geologic or geophysical problems.

Graduate students are advised by a guidance committee consisting of three faculty members. This committee meets with each student shortly after he or she arrives on campus and as often thereafter as necessary for planning purposes.

Requirements

Basic university requirements for graduate degrees are described in the Graduate School (http://catalog.uoregon.edu/archive/2014-2015/graduate) section of this catalog. The department sets additional examination, course work, seminar, and thesis requirements. Applicants should read the *Guide to Graduate Study* on the department website, geology.uoregon.edu/graduate-program/ , or write to the Department of Geological Sciences for details.

Programs

Graduate study in geological sciences is offered in five broad areas: volcanology-petrology-geochemistry, stratigraphy–surface processes, paleontology-paleopedology-geobiology, structural geology–geophysics, and economic geology (mineral deposits).

Volcanology-Petrology-Geochemistry

The department has excellent analytical and other research facilities for studies in these subdisciplines, and the volcanic and metamorphic terrane of the Northwest offers unsurpassed opportunities for field studies. Active research programs are diverse and include studies of eruption dynamics, magma volatile inventories, and magma rheology; experimental studies of igneous phase equilibria and trace element partitioning; calculations of multicomponent equilibria in aqueous systems and volcanic gases; and studies of igneous protogenesis.

Stratigraphy–Surface Processes

The stratigraphic record of tectonically active sedimentary basins indicates the dynamic interactions among basin subsidence, sediment input from eroding sources, evolution of depositional systems, and active faulting and folding that govern these processes. Research in this area combines field-based stratigraphic, sedimentologic, and geomorphic analysis with provenance studies and concepts derived from theoretical

models to decipher the complex structural and climatic controls on the filling histories of active basins.

Surface processes regulate how tectonics and climate affect landscape evolution. Field observations, numerical simulations, topographic analyses, and experimental facilities are used to study sediment transport processes over a range of spatial and temporal scales. Projects incorporate links between active tectonics and structural geology, biology, geomechanics, and surface processes to address problems such as landsliding and hill-slope evolution, biological contributions to soil creep and landscape lowering, and the geomorphic implications of seismic-induced landsliding.

Paleontology-Paleopedology-Geobiology

Studies of fossil soils, plants, and vertebrates aim to reconstruct life on land and its role in global change. Global changes of interest include Neogene paleoclimate and paleoenvironment of ape and human evolution in East Africa, environmental effects of terminal Cretaceous impact and dinosaur extinction in Montana, consequences of mass extinction and methane clathrate degassing at the Permian-Triassic boundary, and the effect of early land plants and forests on weathering and atmospheric composition during the early Paleozoic.

Geobiology focuses on the interaction of microorganisms with the geologic environment and the ways life forms affect geological processes, such as weathering and mineralization.

Structural Geology–Geophysics

Graduate work in the structural geology–geophysics area involves the study of the earth's dynamic processes.

Seismic imaging techniques using regional arrays provide tools for understanding regional tectonics. Studies of upper-mantle and lithospheric structure beneath the Rocky Mountains and in the Pacific Northwest subduction zone are providing essential constraints, unavailable from surface geology, for detailed dynamical models of plate-lithospheric deformation.

Structural geology focuses on applying modern field and analytical techniques to solving problems in Cenozoic tectonics and active faulting. Detailed field mapping, trench logging, and geomorphic analysis are combined with seismic array data, land- and space-based geodetic data, and theoretical modeling to address problems including Oregon's Basin and Range province and coastal deformation, active tectonics of the San Andreas Fault system, and seismic risk along the Pacific margin of the United States and southeast and central Asia.

Geophysical experiments conducted at sea investigate the nature of sea-floor spreading including the segregation, transport, and storage of melt; the rifting of oceanic lithosphere; and the spatial and temporal connectivity between magmatic, tectonic, and hydrothermal processes.

Mineral Deposits

Current research on ore deposits includes studies of porphyry copper deposits, epithermal veins, and active geothermal systems. These projects combine field mapping, petrography, and chemical analyses with theoretical chemical modeling of processes of ore fluid generation, alteration, and mineralization.

Related Research Activities

The Condon Collection of Fossils at the Museum of Natural and Cultural History maintains strong ties to the Department of Geological Sciences. Two geology professors are curators of the collection, and paleontology undergraduate and graduate students are often employed as assistants. The Condon Collection contains 60,000 specimens, including invertebrate and vertebrate fossils, paleobotanical remains, and an extensive collection of modern animals that are available to interested researchers for study.

Research Facilities

Students may use a variety of analytical facilities and equipment including a three-component broadband (0.03–50Hz) seismic array, an electron microprobe, a scanning electron microscope with image analysis, x-ray diffraction, FTIR spectroscopy, stable isotope mass spectroscopy, and a geobiology laboratory.

An experimental petrology laboratory covers a range of crustal temperatures and pressures and includes equipment for doing experiments in controlled atmospheres. Two piston-cylinder apparatus with pressure-temperature capability to 35 kilobars and 1,500° C may be used to study crystalline, partially molten, and molten silicates under mantlelike conditions.

Computers are used for much of the research in the department including acquisition and processing of seismic and gravity data and numerical modeling of geophysical processes and geochemical reactions. A geochemistry laboratory is equipped with sophisticated computer programs for thermodynamic calculations of gas-liquid-solid equilibria and reaction processes important in metamorphic, volcanic gas, hydrothermal, and diagenetic systems. The Internet can be accessed through the UONet fiber-optic link. A student computer facility, equipped with PC and Macintosh computers and laser printers, is also connected to the networks.

The sedimentological and paleontological laboratories have, in addition to standard laboratory equipment, an electronic particle-size analyzer, an x-radiography unit, photomicroscopes, a Leitz Aristophot unit, a fully maintained catalog of foraminifera, an acid room, and a conodont-processing laboratory.

Financial Aid for Graduate Students

Most of the department's graduate students are fully supported through teaching and research assistantships. More information about financial assistance and department policies for awarding and renewing teaching and research fellowships may be obtained by reading the *Guide to Graduate Study* on the department website, geology.uoregon.edu/graduate-program , or by writing to the department.

Courses

GEOL 101. Earth's Dynamic Interior. 4 Credits.
Plate tectonics, mantle flow, and magmatism. Volcanoes, earthquakes, mountain building, generation of Earth's crust; rocks and minerals; Earth's internal structure. Comparison with other planets. Laboratory, lecture.

GEOL 102. Environmental Geology and Landform Development. 4 Credits.
Landforms, surface processes, and interactions between humans and the environment. Weathering, erosion, sedimentation, ground water, streams, glaciers, deserts, oceans, and coastlines; geologic hazards. Laboratory, lecture. Roering.

GEOL 103. The Evolving Earth. 4 Credits.
History of the Earth. Geologic time, sedimentary environments; oceans, mountains, and climate through time; stratigraphic history of North America; evolution of plants and animals. Laboratory, lecture.

GEOL 110. People, Rocks, and Fire. 4 Credits.
Investigation of topics in geology, ecology, and anthropology relevant to contemporary global energy debates; current energy policy issues investigated through term projects.

GEOL 137. Mountains and Glaciers. 4 Credits.
Survey of the geological processes that both create and destroy mountain ranges around the world, and an introduction to geological science.

GEOL 156M. Scientific Revolutions. 4 Credits.
Surveys several major revolutions in our views of the natural and technological world, focusing on scientific concepts and methodological aspects. For nonscience majors. Multilisted with PHYS 156M.

GEOL 198. Laboratory Projects: [Topic]. 1-5 Credits.
Repeatable.

GEOL 199. Special Studies: [Topic]. 1-6 Credits.
Repeatable. Studies of geologic topics combine background lectures with guided field trips to areas of geologic interest.

GEOL 201. Earth's Interior Heat and Dynamics. 4 Credits.
Processes that cause earthquakes, volcanism, mountain building, and plate tectonics. Includes Earth's origin and internal structure, rocks and minerals, gravity and magnetics. Weekly lectures, two-hour laboratory.

GEOL 202. Earth Surface and Environmental Geology. 4 Credits.
Earth materials, the rock record, human interactions with surface environment. Sedimentary rocks and environments, chemical and physical weathering, mineral and energy resources, hydrogeology, ground-water contamination, surface processes, human impacts. Weekly lectures, two-hour laboratory.

GEOL 203. Evolution of the Earth. 4 Credits.
Origin, history, and physical evolution of the Earth; geologic time scales, development of the global stratigraphic section. Weekly lectures, two-hour laboratory.
Prereq: GEOL 101 or 201.

GEOL 213. Geology of National Parks. 4 Credits.
Examines selected geologic features in United States national parks and the processes that form them. Focuses on parks in the western states.

GEOL 304. The Fossil Record. 4 Credits.
Origin of life in Precambrian; evolution of plants and invertebrate animals; evolution of early chordates, fish, amphibians, reptiles, dinosaurs, birds, and mammals; speciation and extinction. Intended for junior and senior nonmajors but also open to geological sciences majors.

GEOL 305. Dinosaurs. 4 Credits.
Overview of the past and present biodiversity of vertebrate animals, including ourselves, dinosaurs, and what ruled the ocean when dinosaurs roamed the land.

GEOL 306. Volcanoes and Earthquakes. 4 Credits.
Mechanisms that cause earthquakes and volcanoes, relation to plate tectonics, associated hazards, examples in Oregon and the western United States.

GEOL 307. Oceanography. 4 Credits.
Characteristics and physical, chemical, and biological processes of the world's oceans. Includes sections on origin of the oceans, plate tectonics, and human use and misuse of oceans.

GEOL 308. Geology of Oregon and the Pacific Northwest. 4 Credits.
The region's geologic and tectonic history and the plate tectonic processes responsible for its evolution.

GEOL 310. Earth Resources and the Environment. 4 Credits.
Geology of energy, mineral, and water resources and environmental issues related to their use. Topics include fossil fuels, metals, nuclear waste disposal, and water pollution.

GEOL 311. Earth Materials. 5 Credits.
Chemical and mineralogical composition of rocks, sediment, and soil. Properties of common minerals; origin of rocks; microscopic study of rock textures; environmental issues.
Prereq: GEOL 101, 102 or 201, 202; coreq CH 221 or 224.

GEOL 315. Earth Physics. 4 Credits.
Physics of basic Earth processes; application of physics to plate tectonics and lithospheric deformation. Topics include forces, deformation, gravity, and seismology. Taught once or more per academic year.
Prereq: MATH 112, PHYS 201.

GEOL 316. Introduction to Hydrogeology. 4 Credits.
Examines the role of water in geologic and environmental processes. Topics include the water cycle, groundwater flow, and contaminant transport.
Pre- or coreq: MATH 252, PHYS 201.

GEOL 318. Introduction to Field Methods. 3 Credits.
Introduction to geologic mapping and related field skills, rock descriptions, cross sections, and structures. Lectures, laboratories, mandatory field trips.
Prereq: GEOL 101–103 or GEOL 201–203.

GEOL 331. Mineralogy. 5 Credits.
Crystal chemistry, systematic study of rock-forming silicate, and selected other minerals, mineral optics, and x-ray diffraction. Lab work with hand samples and petrographic microscopes.
Prereq: GEOL 201, 202 or GEOL 101, 102; coreq: CH 221 or 224.

GEOL 332. Introduction to Petrology. 5 Credits.
Origin and classification of igneous, metamorphic, and sedimentary rocks. Microscopic study of rocks in thin section.
Prereq: GEOL 331.

GEOL 334. Sedimentology and Stratigraphy. 4 Credits.
Sedimentary processes; characteristic properties of sedimentary rocks and their use in interpreting depositional environments; principles of lithostratigraphy and sequence stratigraphy.
Prereq: GEOL 101–103 or GEOL 201–203; pre- or coreq: GEOL 311 or 332.

GEOL 350. Structural Geology. 3 Credits.
Description, analysis, and origin of geologic structures including faults, folds, and tectonites. Focus on kinematic and dynamic analysis of deformation of earth materials.
Prereq: GEOL 318; GEOL 311 or 332.

GEOL 351. Structural Geology Problems. 1 Credit.
Exercises in solving structural geology problems using orthographic and stereographic projection techniques. Problems emphasize calculating stress and strain from structural markers.
Coreq: GEOL 350.

GEOL 352. Structural Geology Laboratory and Field. 1 Credit.
Collection and interpretation of field and map data for structural analysis. Includes field trips, map and cross-section generation, and some computer-based exercises.
Coreq: GEOL 350.

GEOL 353. Geologic Hazards. 4 Credits.
Examines geologic hazards, including both the physical processes that cause them and society's attempt to mitigate them.
Prereq: GEOL 101 or 201.

GEOL 363. MATLAB for Earth Scientists. 2 Credits.
Introduction to MATLAB (Matrix Laboratory) software package, providing data analysis, mathematical modeling, and computer visualization tools and techniques vital to the work of Earth scientists.
Pre- or coreq: MATH 251.

GEOL 399. Special Studies: [Topic]. 1-5 Credits.
Repeatable.

GEOL 401. Research: [Topic]. 1-21 Credits.
Repeatable.

GEOL 403. Thesis. 1-6 Credits.
Repeatable thrice for maximum of 6 credits.
Prereq: geological sciences honors students only.

GEOL 405. Reading and Conference: [Topic]. 1-21 Credits.
Repeatable.

GEOL 406. Field Studies: [Topic]. 1-6 Credits.
Repeatable.

GEOL 407. Seminar: [Topic]. 1-5 Credits.
Repeatable.

GEOL 408. Laboratory Projects: [Topic]. 1-6 Credits.
Repeatable.

GEOL 409. Practicum: [Topic]. 1-6 Credits.
Repeatable.

GEOL 410. Experimental Course: [Topic]. 1-5 Credits.
Repeatable.

GEOL 416. Sedimentary Petrology. 5 Credits.
Petrologic properties, classification, origin, and occurrence of sedimentary rocks. Laboratory work emphasizes microscopic examination of sandstones and limestones.
Prereq: GEOL 332, 334.

GEOL 418. Earth and Environmental Data Analysis. 4 Credits.
Tools-based instruction in data analysis for earth and environmental scientists. Topics include descriptive statistics, visualization, uncertainty analysis, hypothesis testing, regression, time series, and directional data.
Prereq: MATH 246 or 251.

GEOL 420. Geocommunication. 3 Credits.
Scientific writing and presentations for the geological sciences. Focus on writing scientific papers and proposals, preparing oral and visual presentations.

GEOL 425. Geology of Ore Deposits. 5 Credits.
Porphyry copper-molybdenum, epithermal, massive sulfides in volcanic rocks, and base and precious metals in sedimentary rocks. Geologic setting, alteration and ore mineral assemblages, and geochemistry of ore formation.
Prereq: CH 223; GEOL 332.

GEOL 431. Paleontology I: Paleozoic Marine Fossils. 4 Credits.
Biostratigraphy, evolution, and paleoecology of life on earth: Paleozoic and some Mesozoic marine invertebrates. Laboratory exercises on fossil specimens.
Prereq: GEOL 103 or 203.

GEOL 433. Paleobotany. 4 Credits.
Evolution and ecology of plants and microbes from the origin of life to global warming. Laboratory exercises and field trip to collect plant fossils.
Pre- or coreq: GEOL 103 or 203.

GEOL 434. Vertebrate Paleontology. 4 Credits.
Evolution of vertebrates, including ourselves, based on fossil evidence. Physical and other evolutionary constraints are addressed, and lab exercises provide practical experience.
Prereq: GEOL 103 or 203.

GEOL 435. Paleopedology. 4 Credits.
Soil formation; mapping and naming fossil soils; features of soils in hand specimens and petrographic thin sections; interpretations of ancient environments from features of fossil soils.
Prereq: GEOL 311 or 332.

GEOL 438. Geobiology. 4 Credits.
Studies how microorganisms interact with geological environments at scales from enzymes to global element cycles.

GEOL 440. Sedimentary Basin Analysis. 4 Credits.
Evolution of sedimentary basins, emphasizing tectonic controls on basin formation and filling. Interpretation of subsidence mechanisms and sedimentary processes through analysis of the stratigraphic record.
Pre- or coreq: GEOL 334, 350.

GEOL 441. Hillslope Geomorphology. 4 Credits.
Hillslope processes and landforms; includes hillslope hydrology, overland flow erosion, weathering and soil formation, soil creep, landslides and related hazards, glacial and periglacial processes, effects of land-use practices and fire, and landscape evolution.

GEOL 451. Hydrogeology. 4 Credits.
Study of the origin, motion, and physical and chemical properties of ground water. Emphasizes quantitative analysis of flow and interaction with geologic materials.
Prereq: CH 223, 226H, MATH 253, GEOL 316.

GEOL 452. Neotectonics and Quaternary Geology. 4 Credits.
Interpretation of active structures from deformed Quaternary sediments and surfaces using case histories. Field project uses air photos and field techniques. Repeatable once for maximum of 8 credits.
Prereq: GEOL 334, 350.

GEOL 453. Tectonics. 3 Credits.
Tectonic processes and examples. Global kinematics of plates and the forces that drive them. Continental deformation in compressional, shear, and extensional settings.
Prereq: GEOL 350 and calculus.

GEOL 455. Mechanical Earth. 4 Credits.
Introduction to continuum mechanics. Includes stress and strain, friction, elasticity, viscous fluids, constitutive laws, equations of motion, and deformation of the Earth.
Prereq: GEOL 315, PHYS 202, or equivalent; MATH 256.

GEOL 462. Environmental Geomechanics. 4 Credits.
Application of fluid and solid mechanics to understanding processes in the earth and environmental sciences. Offered alternate years.
Prereq: GEOL 455.

GEOL 463. Computational Earth Science. 4 Credits.
Practical techniques for scientific computing. Topics include root finding, curve fitting, interpolation, integration and differentiation, optimization, differential equations.
Prereq: MATH 253; GEOL 363 or equivalent.

GEOL 466. Geodynamics. 4 Credits.
Introduction to the process of the earth's physical workings. Includes rheology, bending of lithosphere, viscous flow, and heat transport.
Prereq: MATH 256 or equivalent; GEOL 455.

GEOL 467. Fault Mechanics. 4 Credits.
The physics of faulting throughout the earthquake cycle. Topics include fault friction, seismic rupture, earthquake triggering, and other fault zone processes. Offered alternate years.
Prereq: GEOL 315, MATH 253.

GEOL 468. Introduction to Seismology. 4 Credits.
Introduction to observational, theoretical, and computational seismology. Includes review of earth structure, source representation, ray theory, and seismic wave phenomena.
Prereq: MATH 256, GEOL 455.

GEOL 471. Thermodynamic Geochemistry. 4 Credits.
Introduction to geologic application of classical chemical thermodynamics. Gibbs free energy and its temperature, pressure, and composition derivatives; fugacity, activity, and chemical potential. Solutions, ideal and nonideal.
Prereq: GEOL 311 or 332, CH 223, MATH 253.

GEOL 472. Aqueous-Mineral-Gas Equilibria. 4 Credits.
Aqueous chemistry applied to natural waters (geothermal, diagenetic, continental brines). Equilibrium calculations applied to aqueous-mineral-gas systems.
Prereq: CH 223; MATH 252.

GEOL 473. Isotope Geochemistry. 4 Credits.
Introduction to nuclear physics and isotope systematics; techniques of isotope analysis; applications of stable and radioactive isotopes in geochronology and as tracers of geological processes.

GEOL 503. Thesis. 1-16 Credits.
Repeatable.

GEOL 507. Seminar: [Topic]. 1-5 Credits.
Repeatable.

GEOL 508. Laboratory Projects: [Topic]. 1-6 Credits.
Repeatable.

GEOL 510. Experimental Course: [Topic]. 1-5 Credits.
Repeatable.

GEOL 516. Sedimentary Petrology. 5 Credits.
Petrologic properties, classification, origin, and occurrence of sedimentary rocks. Laboratory work emphasizes microscopic examination of sandstones and limestones.

GEOL 518. Earth and Environmental Data Analysis. 4 Credits.
Tools-based instruction in data analysis for earth and environmental scientists. Topics include descriptive statistics, visualization, uncertainty analysis, hypothesis testing, regression, time series, and directional data.
Prereq: MATH 246 or 251.

GEOL 520. Geocommunication. 3 Credits.
Scientific writing and presentations for the geological sciences. Focus on writing scientific papers and proposals, preparing oral and visual presentations.

GEOL 525. Geology of Ore Deposits. 5 Credits.
Porphyry copper-molybdenum, epithermal, massive sulfides in volcanic rocks, and base and precious metals in sedimentary rocks. Geologic setting, alteration and ore mineral assemblages, and geochemistry of ore formation.

GEOL 531. Paleontology I: Paleozoic Marine Fossils. 4 Credits.
Biostratigraphy, evolution, and paleoecology of life on earth: Paleozoic and some Mesozoic marine invertebrates. Laboratory exercises on fossil specimens.

GEOL 533. Paleobotany. 4 Credits.
Evolution and ecology of plants and microbes from the origin of life to global warming. Laboratory exercises and field trip to collect plant fossils.

GEOL 534. Vertebrate Paleontology. 4 Credits.
Evolution of vertebrates, including ourselves, based on fossil evidence. Physical and other evolutionary constraints are addressed, and lab exercises provide practical experience.

GEOL 535. Paleopedology. 4 Credits.
Soil formation; mapping and naming fossil soils; features of soils in hand specimens and petrographic thin sections; interpretations of ancient environments from features of fossil soils.

GEOL 538. Geobiology. 4 Credits.
Studies how microorganisms interact with geological environments at scales from enzymes to global element cycles.

GEOL 540. Sedimentary Basin Analysis. 4 Credits.
Evolution of sedimentary basins, emphasizing tectonic controls on basin formation and filling. Interpretation of subsidence mechanisms and sedimentary processes through analysis of the stratigraphic record.

GEOL 541. Hillslope Geomorphology. 4 Credits.
Hillslope processes and landforms; includes hillslope hydrology, overland flow erosion, weathering and soil formation, soil creep, landslides and related hazards, glacial and periglacial processes, effects of land-use practices and fire, and landscape evolution.

GEOL 551. Hydrogeology. 4 Credits.
Study of the origin, motion, and physical and chemical properties of ground water. Emphasizes quantitative analysis of flow and interaction with geologic materials.

GEOL 552. Neotectonics and Quaternary Geology. 4 Credits.
Interpretation of active structures from deformed Quaternary sediments and surfaces using case histories. Field project uses air photos and field techniques. Repeatable once for maximum of 8 credits.

GEOL 553. Tectonics. 3 Credits.
Tectonic processes and examples. Global kinematics of plates and the forces that drive them. Continental deformation in compressional, shear, and extensional settings.

GEOL 555. Mechanical Earth. 4 Credits.
Introduction to continuum mechanics. Includes stress and strain, friction, elasticity, viscous fluids, constitutive laws, equations of motion, and deformation of the earth.

GEOL 562. Environmental Geomechanics. 4 Credits.
Application of fluid and solid mechanics to understanding processes in the earth and environmental sciences. Offered alternate years.

GEOL 563. Computational Earth Science. 4 Credits.
Practical techniques for scientific computing. Topics include root finding, curve fitting, interpolation, integration and differentiation, optimization, differential equations.

GEOL 566. Geodynamics. 4 Credits.
Introduction to the process of the earth's physical workings. Includes rheology, bending of lithosphere, viscous flow, and heat transport.

GEOL 567. Fault Mechanics. 4 Credits.
The physics of faulting throughout the earthquake cycle. Topics include fault friction, seismic rupture, earthquake triggering, and other fault zone processes. Offered alternate years.

GEOL 568. Introduction to Seismology. 4 Credits.
Introduction to observational, theoretical, and computational seismology. Includes review of earth structure, source representation, ray theory, and seismic wave phenomena.

GEOL 571. Thermodynamic Geochemistry. 4 Credits.
Introduction to geologic application of classical chemical thermodynamics. Gibbs free energy and its temperature, pressure, and composition derivatives; fugacity, activity, and chemical potential. Solutions, ideal and nonideal.

GEOL 572. Aqueous-Mineral-Gas Equilibria. 4 Credits.
Aqueous chemistry applied to natural waters (geothermal, diagenetic, continental brines). Equilibrium calculations applied to aqueous-mineral-gas systems.
Prereq: CH 223; MATH 252.

GEOL 573. Isotope Geochemistry. 4 Credits.
Introduction to nuclear physics and isotope systematics; techniques of isotope analysis; applications of stable and radioactive isotopes in geochronology and as tracers of geological processes.

GEOL 601. Research: [Topic]. 1-16 Credits.
Repeatable.

GEOL 602. Supervised College Teaching. 1-16 Credits.
Repeatable.

GEOL 603. Dissertation. 1-16 Credits.
Repeatable.

GEOL 605. Reading and Conference: [Topic]. 1-16 Credits.
Repeatable.

GEOL 606. Field Studies: [Topic]. 1-6 Credits.
Repeatable. Geologic fieldwork principally in connection with graduate thesis or dissertation. Emphasis on individual problems.

GEOL 607. Seminar: [Topic]. 1-5 Credits.
Repeatable.

GEOL 608. Laboratory Projects: [Topic]. 1-3 Credits.
Repeatable.

GEOL 609. Practicum: [Topic]. 1-3 Credits.
Repeatable.

GEOL 610. Experimental Course: [Topic]. 1-5 Credits.
Repeatable.

GEOL 619. Electron Beam Analysis. 4 Credits.
Electron probe microanalysis and scanning electron microscopy for analyzing minerals and advanced materials. Instrumental functions and beam-specimen interaction. Correction procedures for quantitative x-ray analysis. X-ray and back-scattered image analysis.

GEOL 620. Advanced Igneous Petrology. 3 Credits.
Ingeous rocks of the ocean basins, continental margins, and stable continental interior including basalts, calcalkaline series, and granites. Content varies according to research interests.
Prereq: GEOL 414/514, 471/571 or equivalent.

GEOL 650. Advanced Structural Geology: [Topic]. 3 Credits.
Quantitative analysis of structures, focusing on faults and fault-related structures. Problems involve stress and strain inversion from map and field data. Repeatable twice with instructor's consent for maximum of 9 credits.

GEOL 692. Volcanology. 3 Credits.
Products and processes of volcanism, origin of magmas, eruptive mechanisms, and relation of volcanism to orogeny and tectonic processes.